$\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## The Order of Operations Guided Notes

When we evaluate expressions, we use one set of rules so that everyone arrives at the same correct answer.
The rules used for simplifying numerical expressions are called order of operations.
These rules are based on doing the most powerful operations first (exponents), then the less powerful ones (multiplication and division, going from left to right), and finally, the least powerful ones last (addition and subtraction, going from left to right).

Grouping symbols, like parentheses, tell us to evaluate whatever is inside them before moving on.
You can remember the order of operations with the acronym PEMDAS.
Please Excuse My Dear Aunt Sally

|  | $n$ $\stackrel{n}{c}$ 0 0 O $\times$ |  | $$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{0} \\ & \frac{1}{7} \\ & \frac{0}{0} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| P | E | M | D | A | S |

## Expressions with Only Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Division

Multiplication and division are evaluated first, from left to right.
Addition and subtraction are always evaluated last, from left to right.

Sample Problem 1: Find the value of each numerical expression. Follow the order of operations when finding each value.
a. $16-12 \div 2+4=$
b. $196 * 10-\mathbf{2 6}=$
c. $100 * 2 \div 40-16 \div 4=$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## The Order of Operations Guided Notes

## Expressions with Four Operations and Exponents

Exponents are more powerful than multiplication or division.
If exponents are present in an expression, they are evaluated before any multiplication or division.

Sample Problem 2: Find the value of each numerical expression. Follow the order of operations when finding each value.
a. $56-12^{2} \div 6+4=$
b. $13^{2} * 10-15^{2} \div 25=$
c. $125+216 \div 36-4^{2} * 6=$

## Expressions with Parentheses

The last important rule in the order of operations involves grouping symbols, usually parentheses.
These tell us that in certain circumstances or scenarios, we need to do things out of the usual order. Operations inside grouping symbols are always evaluated first, before exponents and any operations.

Sample Problem 3: Find the value of each numerical expression. Follow the order of operations when finding each value.
a. $6 *(12+112)=$
b. $296-(65 * 2-32 \div 4)=$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$
The Order of Operations Guided Notes
c. $2 *(625 \div 5 * 2-40-28 \div 4)=$

## Expressions with Parentheses and Exponents

Sample Problem 4: Find the value of each numerical expression. Follow the order of operations when finding each value.
a. $100-\left(8^{2} \div 4 * 2-24 \div 8\right)=$
b. $20^{2} \div 100+\left(7^{2}+10^{2} \div 25\right)=$
c. $\quad 550-\left(11^{2}-7^{2} * 2\right)^{2}=$

