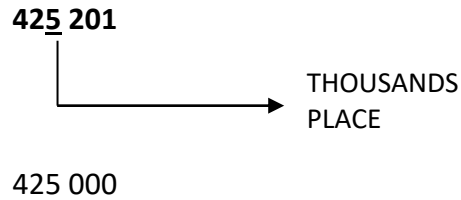


Rounding and Estimating Guide Notes

ROUNDING OF AND ESTIMATION OF THE WHOLE NUMBERS

Example 1:

Round off 425 201 to the nearest thousand.



RULES IN ROUNDING OFF WHOLE NUMBERS

1. If the first digit immediately to the right of the round-off place is
 - a. Less than 5, the digit in the round-off place is retained.
 - b. 5 or more, the digit in the round off-place is increased by 1.
2. Digits to the left of the round-off place are retained.
3. Digits to the right of the round-off place are replaced by zeros.

Sample Problem 1:

Round-off 421 281 to the nearest hundred.

Sample Problem 2:

Find the sum of 492, 512, 90, and 301.

Name: _____ Period: _____ Date: _____

Rounding and Estimating Guide Notes

Estimation

The process of approximating the answer so that an unreasonable answer caused by careless mistakes can be recognized is called *estimation*.

Sample Problem 3:

Estimate $921 - 512$ then determine the exact answer.

Sample Problem 4:

Choose the best pair of compatible numbers for $255 \div 50$.

a. $260 \div 50$

b. $260 \div 60$

c. $250 \div 50$

Sample Problem 5:

Estimate $272 \div 4$.

Rounding and Estimating Guide Notes

Front-End Estimation

1. Add (or Subtract) the first to get a rough estimate.
2. Adjust your estimate by using the remaining digits and looking for numbers that are compatible.

Example 2:

Use front-end estimation to estimate the value of the variable.

$$3\,527 + 7\,969 + 5\,493 = N$$

Add the front-end digits

$3\,527 + 7\,969 + 5\,493$ is about 15 thousand.

Rough estimate: 15 000

Look at the other digits, $3\,527 + 7\,969 + 5\,493$, for compatible numbers: 1500

969 is about 1 000. Increase the estimate by 2 000.

Adjusted estimate: 17 000